

5:00 – 6:00 PM









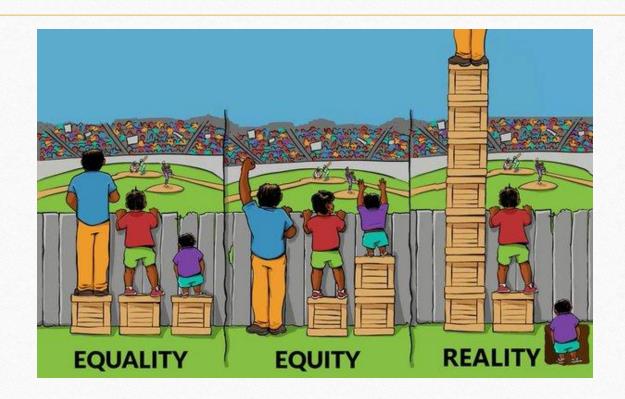
#UNSTOPPABLE

From Good To Great To UNSTOPPABLE!





Plan for 2020 -2021









ACE's & The New Normal

• Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE's) – traumatic events that occur before the age of eighteen and are categorized into three groups: abuse, family/household challenges, and neglect.









ACE

Abuse

- **Emotional**: humiliation, intimidation, withholding love, verbal putdowns, or any action which demeans the sense of identity, dignity, and self-worth.
- **Physical:** punching, beating, kicking, slapping, burning, or any action done malicious or cruel intent
- Sexual: rape, intercourse, stroking genitals, or exposing naked body parts







ACE Family/Household Challenges

- **Domestic violence**: pushing, slapping, kicking, hitting adult-adult; adult-child; and/or child-child
- Substance abuse: a family member is an alcoholic or addicted to drugs
- **Mental illness**: a family member has chronic depression, is bipolar, schizophrenic, or paranoid
- Acrimonious divorce: bitter and usually prolonged feuding between parents
- Incarceration: a family member is in prison







ACE Neglect

- Emotional: failing to show affection or attention
- **Physical**: failing to provide the basics; withholding food; not providing proper hygiene, supervision, and protection from dangers









Impact of Trauma and Stress on Students

- Shape mindsets and assumptions about adults and authority
- Program brain to trigger fight/flight/freeze response patterns
- Program brain to trigger physical responses to certain stimuli
- Program brain to associate certain stimuli with expected harm
- Program body to delay emotional and physical recovery after danger
- Teach individual to expect negative, even in positive situations
- Alter normal concentration, focus, and problem solving mechanisms
- Create chronic and ongoing stress levels
- Contribute to development of negative self-concept









Common School Manifestations of Trauma's Impact

- Inappropriate reactions to authority
- Inappropriate reactions to adults and other students
- Hypersensitivity to certain situations or stimuli
- Overly defensive behaviors
- Withdrawal from certain situations







Common School Manifestations of Trauma's Impact

- Distracted from activities or instruction
- Memory issues
- Inability to concentrate on or focus on instruction
- Inability to problem solve
- Inability do demonstrate learning









School Outcomes for Many Trauma-Impacted Students

- Unacceptable behavior
- Poor attendance
- Academic failure
- Grade retention
- Failure to graduate







Literacy: The ability to read, write, spell, listen, and speak

Might distractions of trauma and stress interfere with learning to read, write, spell, listen, and speak?

Might behavior problems interfere with learning to read, write, spell, listen, and speak well?









Family Factors

- Poverty
- Low expectations
- Abuse
- Mobility of family
- □ Parent level of education
- Language and literacy levels

-

Service Director Personnelle Destroy Refunds











Action Steps









- Phase 1 **Knowledge**
 - *Systemic
 - *Understanding
 - *Language
 - *Population









- Phase 2 **Building Resilience**
 - * Connection
 - *Security
 - *Achievement
 - *Autonomy
 - *Fulfillment









- Phase 3 **Skill Acquisition**
 - *Prevention
 - *Intervention
 - *Recovery
 - *Referral









- Phase 4 **Assessment & Implementation**
 - *Policies
 - *Practices
 - *People









- Phase 5 Maintenance & Validation
 - *Plan
 - *Implementation
 - *Verification



















Some Things We Know...

Failure to graduate is a K-12 issue.

Disengagement, low grades, poor attendance, and unacceptable behaviors often occur together.

Disengagement, low grades, poor attendance, and unacceptable behaviors are associated with dropouts, but are not root causes.

Adverse childhood experiences are root causes of many school problems.

Some trauma-impacted students go beyond the trauma to succeed.

Trauma-impacted students who do not go beyond the trauma usually don't succeed.

Certain school climates and educator practices can help more trauma-impacted students learn, succeed, and graduate.









Typical School Response to the issue...



TRAIN TEACHERS ON THE ISSUE



HIRE A SPECIALIST









Trauma

Trauma-Informed School

VS.

Trauma-Sensitive School

VS.

Trauma-Informed Care

VS.

Trauma-Skilled School









Trauma-Informed Educator



I know that trauma can alter student perceptions and reactions, leading to behavior and learning challenges.









Trauma-Sensitive Educator



I know that trauma can alter student perceptions and reactions, leading to behavior and learning challenges.

I am empathetic with these students and I attempt to understand and accommodate behaviorally challenged students.









Trauma-Informed Care

We as a school understand that trauma-impacted students have multiple and extraordinary needs.

We attempt to meet these needs by providing a variety of wrap-around services.









Trauma-Skilled School

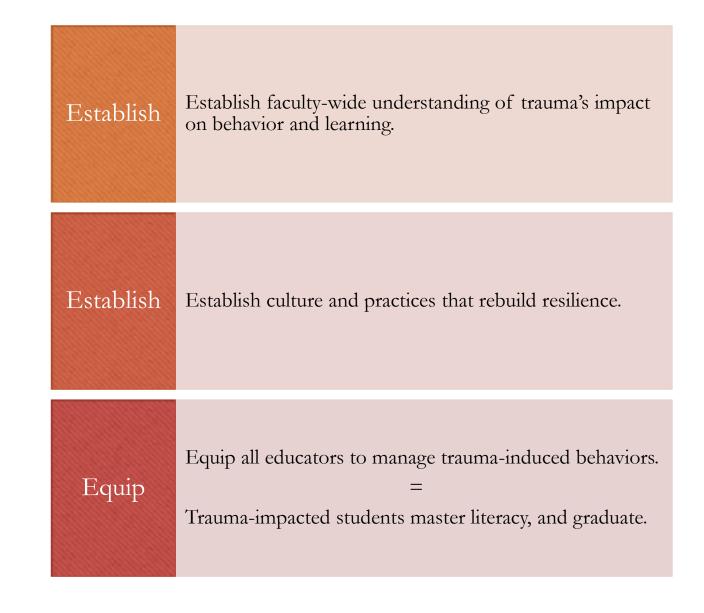
We (all educators)
understand how trauma
impacts student behavior
and learning.

We (in unison) have adopted specific action steps to alter practices, climate, and interactions to achieve improved behavior and learning.





Recommendations
to Improve
Literacy of
Trauma-Impacted
Students







High Expectations – New Mindset



"It's easy to have high expectations – hard to grow a new mindset



"You can't change what you don't acknowledge." Dr. Phil McGraw



Staff Development for Faculty/Staff

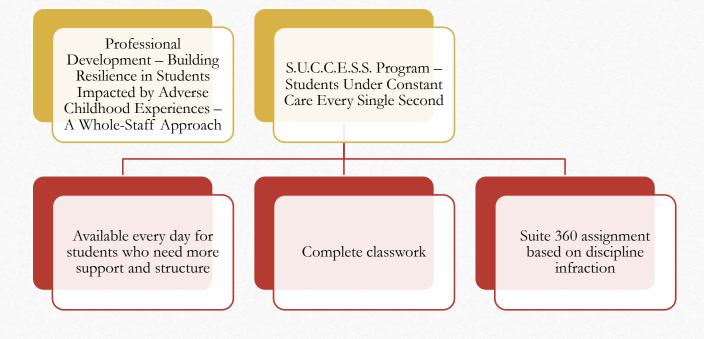








Plan for 2020-2021











Next Steps



- Yellow Jacket 101 Class for 2020-2021 school year
 - 7 Habits of Highly Effective Teens
 - Restorative Practice
 - Team Building Structures
 - My Career Shines Interest Inventory (Curriculum)
 - Writing, Inquiry, Organization, Collaboration, Reading (WICOR)
 - Guests speakers









Next Steps

• Meet with incoming 9th graders at SMS & MMS in May

- Partnership with Law & Homeland Security Program
 - Student Safety Team Before/After School









Next Steps cont.

- Attend community events
- Increase school involvement in the community
- Put structures in place that promote individual instruction (mentoring, learning centers, remediation, etc.)
- Work to develop cooperative relationships between the school and the surrounding community.
 - Use resources of the community









SAHS VISION STATEMENT

• Trust — Teamwork — Tenacity — Triumph — Tradition...Jacket Pride!



